

Electric Fields Past Paper Questions

1. D
2. A
3. B
4. C
5. (a)

[2]
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quantity	SI unit	
(gravitational potential)	J kg^{-1} or N m kg^{-1}	scalar
(electric field strength)	N C^{-1} or V m^{-1}	vector
(magnetic flux density)	T or Wb m^{-2} or $\text{N A}^{-1} \text{m}^{-1}$	vector

6 entries correct (1) (1) (1)
4 or 5 entries correct (1) (1)
2 or 3 entries correct (1)

3

(b) (i) $mg = EQ$ (1)

$$E \left(\frac{mg}{Q} = \frac{4.3 \times 10^{-9} \times 9.81}{3.2 \times 10^{-12}} \right) = 1.32 \times 10^4 \text{ (V m}^{-1}\text{)} \text{ (1)}$$

(ii) positive (1)

3

[6]

6. (a) (i) $E \left(= \frac{V}{d} \right) = \frac{1400}{15 \times 10^{-3}} \text{ (1)} (= 9.3 \times 10^4 \text{ Vm}^{-1}\text{)}$

(ii) $t \left(= \frac{l}{v} \right) = \frac{30 \times 10^{-3}}{3.2 \times 10^7} = 9.38 \times 10^{-10} \text{ s (1)}$

(iii) $ma_y = Ee$ (1)

$$a_y = \frac{9.3 \times 10^4 \times 1.60 \times 10^{-19}}{9.11 \times 10^{-31}} \text{ (1)} (= 1.64 \times 10^{16} \text{ m s}^{-2}\text{)}$$

acceleration is upwards [or towards + plate](1)

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(b) $v_y (= a_y t) = 1.64 \times 10^{16} \times 9.38 \times 10^{-10} \text{ (1)} (= 1.54 \times 10^7 \text{ m s}^{-1}\text{)}$

$$v = \sqrt{(1.54 \times 10^7)^2 + (3.2 \times 10^7)^2} = 3.55 \times 10^7 \text{ m s}^{-1} \text{ (1)}$$

at $\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1.54}{3.2} \right) = 26^\circ$ above the horizontal (1)

3

[8]